

Sahabiyat Stories Toua

101 Sahabiyat Stories and Dua is a richly illustrated collection of 101 great stories of the female companions of the Prophet Muhammad , told in simple language that children will easily understand and relate to. Each story comes with delightful illustrations, a hadith and a beautiful prayer. The book includes well known tales of Khadija, Sawda, 'Aisha, Safiyyah, Fatima, Maymoonah, and Umm Ayman, to name but a few. The shining examples set by them will greatly inspire readers.

Special Features

101 interesting stories
Delightful illustrations
• 101 beautiful prayers of the
Quran and the Prophet
Hadith and references

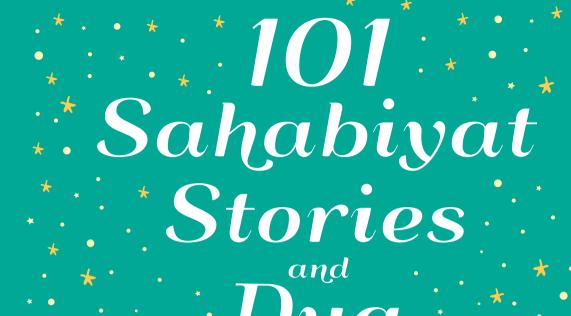
















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Sahabiyat Stories Dua

MOHAMMAD KHALID PERWEZ





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Khadija Hires the Prophet

When she reaches you, greet her on behalf of her lord sahih al-Bukhari

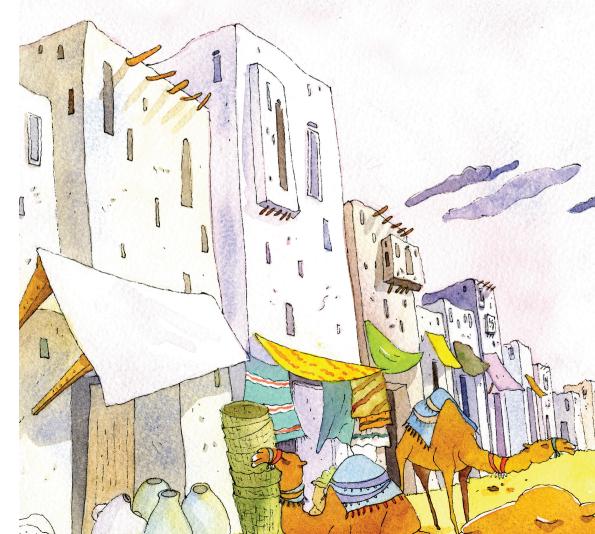
Thatever her husbands had owned came to Khadija after their deaths so that she became one of the wealthiest women in Makkah. She took control of her second husband's business and managed it quite well. She hired men to trade on her behalf. After the death of her second husband, Khadija was looking for somebody to take her caravan of goods to Syria. In those days the best known and most profitable

اللَّهُمَّ إِنَّا نَسْئُلُكَ مُوجِبَاتِ رَحْمَتِكَ وَعَزَائِمَ مَغْفِرَتِكَ والسَّلاَمَةَ مِنْ كُلِّ إِثْم والْغَنِيْمَةَ مِنْ كُلِّ بِرِّ والفَوزَ بِالْجَنَّةِ والنَّجَاةَ مِنَ النَّارِ.

O Allah, I ask You for the things that cause Your mercy, the means of Your forgiveness, safety from every sin, advantage from every good deed, success in getting paradise and deliverance from fire.

caravan route stretched from Yemen in the south to Syria in the north.

When the Prophet's uncle, Abu Talib, heard that Khadija was going to hire a person to take her caravan to Syria, he went to Khadija and asked her to employ his nephew. Since, Khadija had heard of the Prophet's honesty and good character, she at once hired him and put him incharge of her caravan going to Syria.



The Marriage of the Daughters

The chiefs of the women of Paradise are four: Maryam, Fatima, Khadija and Asiya.

Fadail

he four daughters of the Prophet were Zaynab, Ruqayya, Umm Kulthum and Fatima. They grew up into beautiful young girls and were married to most suitable persons. Zaynab was married to Khadija's nephew, Abu al-As ibn Rabi, son of Khadija's sister. He was a kind and upright man and they were very happy together. Ruqayya and Umm Kulthum were married to two sons of Abu Lahab, Utbah and Utaybah.

ٱللَّهُمَّ بَاعِدْ بَيْنِي وبَيْنَ خَطَايَايَ كَمَا بَاعَدْتَ بَيْنَ الْمَشْرِق وَالْمَغْرِب، اللَّهُمَّ نَقِّنِي مِنَ الْخَطَايا كَمَا يُنَقَّى الثَّوبُ الأَبْيَضُ مِنَ الدَّنس، اللَّهُمَّ اغْسِلْ خَطَاياً يَ بِالْمَاءِ والثَّلْجِ والْبَرَدِ.

O Allah! Set me apart from my sins as the east and west are set apart from each other and clean me from sins as white garment is cleaned of dirt. O Allah! Wash off my sins with water, snow and hail.

But, when the Prophet Muhammad & began his mission of spreading the message of Islam, Abu Lahab, though also an uncle of the Prophet's, became the Prophet's enemy. The Ouravsh and Abu Lahab forced Utbah and Utaybah to divorce the daughters of the Prophet and send them back to their father.

Later on, Rugayya was married to Uthman ibn Affan. When Rugavya fell sick and died after the battle of Badr, the Prophet married his other daughter, Umm Kulthum, to

Uthman ibn Affan, But she too did not live long. The Prophet's youngest daughter Fatima was married to the Prophet's cousin, Ali ibn Abi Talib, who had lived with the Prophet like his son.

A Pious Worshipper

bint Zam'a if I could be in her skeleton.

Sahih Muslim

L. Juille

Sawda lived in the blessed house of the Prophet in the company of the Prophet and his children and served the Prophet with total devotion and helped him in his dawah. Sawda remained the Prophet's only wife for three years. The Prophet was engaged to 'Aisha at this time but the marriage took place only after the battle of Badr. Sawda wholeheartedly

رَّبَّنَا إِنِّ أَسْكَنتُ مِن ذُرِّيَّتِي بِوَادٍ غَيْرِ ذِي زَوْع عِندَ بَيْنِكَ ٱلْمُحَرَّمُ لَرَّبَنَا لِنِقِيمُوا ٱلصَّلَوْةَ فَأَجْعَلْ أَفْدِدَةً مِّرَ ٱلنَّاسِ تَهْوِي إِلَيْهِمْ وَارْزُقْهُم مِّنَ ٱلثَّمَرَتِ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَشْكُرُونَ السَّ

Our Lord! I have settled some of my offspring in an uncultivable valley near Your Sacred House, Lord, so that they might establish their prayers. So, make people's hearts incline towards them and provide them with fruits so that they may be grateful.

Ibrahim 14:37



supported the Prophet in his difficult times and looked after the household of the Prophet dutifully. The years she spent with the Prophet totalled thirteen. After the death of the Prophet, she spent the remaining years of her life in piety and worship. Long after the death of the Prophet, the second Caliph once sent a bagful of dirhams to Sawda. She was surprised to get so many dirhams in a bag which was used for packing dates. She said Caliph Umar had sent her too many. She immediately distributed all of it in charity. She lived long and died during the caliphate of 'Umar ibn al-Khattab at the age of 72. According to 'Aisha, "Sawda was a pious worshipper and a generous giver of charity."

No Hardship in Religion

It is not proper for a Muslim to keep away from his brother for m_{ore} than three days.

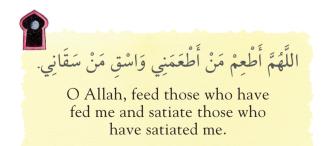
Sahih al-Bukhari



he Prophet's wife, 'Aisha, said that whenever Allah's Messenger ordered the Muslims to do something, he used to order them to do things which were easy for them to do, according to their strength and endurance.

One day some of the Companions said to the Prophet, "O Allah's Messenger! We are not like you. Allah has forgiven your past and future sins."

At this the Prophet became angry, as it was apparent from his face. And then the Prophet said, "I am the most Allah fearing, and know Allah better than all of you do."



On another occasion, 'Aisha said that the Prophet said, "Religion is very easy and whoever overburdens himself in his religion will not be able to continue in that way. So you should not be extremists, but try to be near to perfection and receive the good tidings that you will be rewarded; and gain strength by worshipping in the mornings, the nights."

'Aisha said that the Prophet never beat a servant, a woman or anyone else. To be sure, he fought for what was righteous. Yet, when he had to choose between two alternatives, he would take the easier course, provided it did not involve sin: no one was more careful to avoid sin than he. He never sought revenge on his own behalf for any wrong done to him personally. Only if divine commandments had been broken would he punish for the sake of God.



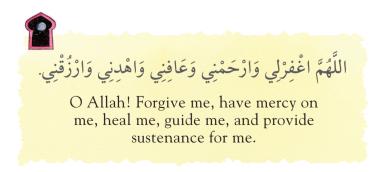
Safiyya bint Huyay

Low are certainly the daughter of a prophet (Harun) and certainly your value was a prophet (Musa) and you are certainly the wife of a Prophet.

Al-Tirmidhi

afiyya bint Huyay was one of t

She belonged to the tribe of the Banu Nadheer. Her father, Huyay ibn Akhtab, was chief of this tribe and was a descendant of the Prophet Harun. Her mother was the daughter of the chief of the Banu Quraidha. Both the Banu Nadheer and the Banu Quraidha were the greatest tribes among the Bani Israel tribes which settled in the north of the Arabia. Safiyya was first married to Sallam ibn Mishkam. When he divorced her, she was married to Kinana ibn Rabi', a nephew of the Chief of Khaibar.





When the battle of Khaibar took place, her husband, father and brother all died in it. She was captured along with the other prisoners. A companion of the Prophet asked the Prophet for a slave and the Prophet gave him permission to take one of the prisoners. He chose Safiyya. When the other Companions came to know of this, they told the Prophet that her being the daughter of the Chief of the Banu Nadheer, she deserved the Prophet. The Prophet then asked the companion to leave her and then he set her free and married her. She was thus included among the Mothers of the Believers.



Lady of Paradise

The Prophet said to Fatima.

Sahih al-Bukhari

li ibn Abi Talib, Fatima's husband, once told Ibn Abdul Wahid a story about the Prophet's most beloved daughter. Fatima's hands, he said, were blistered from constant grinding; her neck had become sore from carrying water; her clothes had become dirty from sweeping the floor. When the Prophet had received an influx of servants from some place, Ali suggested to Fatima that she approach her father and ask for a servant.

رَبِّ هَبْ لِي حُصَّمَا وَأَلْحِقْنِي بِالصَّلِحِينَ اللهُ وَأَجْعَلَ لِي الصَّلِحِينَ اللهُ وَأَجْعَلَ لِي الصَّلِحِينَ اللهُ وَأَجْعَلَ فِي مِن وَرَيَّةِ جَنَّةِ النَّعِيمِ اللهِ My Lord, bestow wisdom upon me; unite me with the righteous; give me a good name among later generations; and make me one of those who will have a right to enter the Garden of Bliss.

Al-Shu'ara' 26:83-85

She went, but could not speak to the Prophet because of the crowd. The next day, he came to their house, and asked Fatima why she had wanted to see him. Ali told the Prophet the whole story, and said that he had sent her.

"Fear Allah, Fatima," the Prophet said, "Fulfil your obligations to the Lord, and continue with your housework. Moreover, when you go to bed at night, say Subhan Allah thirty-three times, and Alhamdulillah the same number of times; Allahu Akbar thirty-four times, and that will make a full hundred. This would be much better than having a servant."

"If that is the will of Allah and His Prophet," Fatima replied, "then so be it." After this, Fatima never complained to the Prophet.



Devoted Her Son to the Prophet

I want to give my son, Anas for your help. Please, pray for him. (Umm Sulaym).

Sahih Muslim



hen the Prophet migrated to Madinah, Umm Sulaim took her son Anas to the Prophet and said: "I want to give Anas to you for your help. He is my son. Please say a prayer for him."

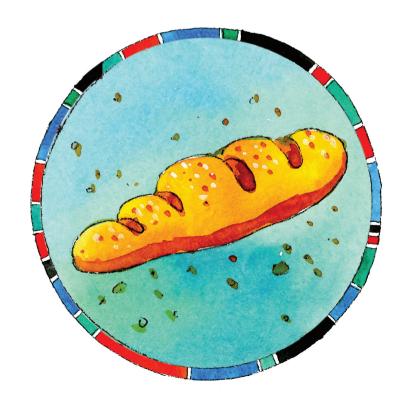
The Prophet prayed for Anas. When the Prophet was creating *mu'akhat* (brotherhood) between the Ansar and the Muhajirs, this took place at the house of Umm Sulaim.

اللَّهُمَّ اهْدِنِي فِيمَنْ هَدَيْتَ، وَعَافِنِي فِيمَنْ عَافَيْتَ، وَتَوَلَّنِي فِيمَنْ عَافَيْتَ، وَتَوَلَّنِي فِيمَا أُعطَيْتَ.

O Allah, guide me with those whom You have guided, and strengthen me with those whom You have given strength. Take me to Your care with those whom You have taken to Your care. Bless me in what You have given me.

Umm Sulaim took part in the battles which the Muslims fought with the disbelievers. She was one of those women who used to treat the injured and carry water to them.

When the Prophet married Zaynab, Umm Sulaim sent the Prophet a pot full of *Balida*, a sweet preparation of bread, sugar, cream, etc., and requested the Prophet to accept her simple gift.



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